

# Transforming the AdTech industry with **Google's Privacy Sandbox**

*Embracing the new era  
of user privacy* 



We will explore how third-party cookies compromise user privacy. We'll also look at how Google's Privacy Sandbox is revolutionizing the AdTech industry, impacting how ads are run, its potential benefits and challenges, and how it strikes a balance between meeting the needs of users and advertisers.

# Paper Premise

The world of advertising technology is undergoing significant changes following the concerns raised against the usage of third party cookies and the need to keep user privacy at the forefront. Increasing concerns over privacy and regulatory shifts have brought about this transformation. Google's Privacy Sandbox emerges as a promising alternative, aiming to safeguard user privacy while still meeting the needs of advertisers

and publishers. This whitepaper provides feasible alternatives to third-party cookies and suggestions for adopting them. It gives an in-depth look into what the Privacy Sandbox entails and its components as well as its potential effect on the AdTech industry.

Browsers such as Safari and Mozilla deprecated the use of third-party cookies years ago. Google cannot simply make this change overnight since cookies control more than 65% of Google's web traffic and most of the company's revenue comes from advertising. Therefore, Google has initiated a critical shift toward a more privacy-conscious internet through its Privacy Sandbox and is preparing to address concerns associated with the use of third-party cookies in the future.

# Audience

This paper aims at providing comprehensive insights into the transition from third-party cookies to privacy-preserving technologies to AdTech professionals, publishers, digital marketers, developers, and privacy advocates. The paper is intended to prepare all the stakeholders for the evolving digital advertising landscape and help them define their strategies for effective, privacy-compliant advertising and maintain revenue streams while respecting user privacy.



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# Introduction

## AdTech ecosystem and third-party cookies \* \* \* \*

Third-party cookies have been instrumental in shaping the AdTech landscape by enabling core functionalities. These include behavioral ad targeting that customizes ads depending on a user's browsing history; audience targeting that uses demographic or behavioral data to identify certain user groups; and ad retargeting for re-engaging consumers who have previously shown interest in a brand.

In addition, third-party cookies also support vital features such as frequency capping to limit the number of times an advertisement is displayed to a user to avoid overdoing it, for audience extension that takes up new target markets like existing clients, and for ad measurement and analytics, i.e., giving insights about audience engagement, ad performance, etc. These functions are key components in optimizing advertising campaigns and improving the accuracy of targeted digital advertising.

## Privacy Concerns \* \* \* \*

Third-party cookies possess privacy risks; data can be shared with unknown entities and users are tracked and profiled across the web. They enable cross-site targeting and advertising without user consent. Users are generally unaware of how much data is being collected and shared. Third-party cookies are also a data security risk as personal information can be accessed and misused without permission.

Also, the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) mandates explicit and informed user consent for data collection, which many third-party cookies fail to obtain transparently. Similarly, the California Consumer Privacy Act (CCPA) imposes strict requirements on data collection and user consent, aiming to give consumers more control over their personal information.

Today, users want control, transparency, and accountability of their online personal data. Non-compliant stakeholders are eventually losing the trust of consumers, in turn causing a dip in users.



# Cookie-less World- Impact on AdTech Players

\* \* \* \*



# Google Privacy Sandbox

## Overview \* \* \* \*

The Privacy Sandbox initiative by Google is a comprehensive suite of technologies designed to enhance web privacy while preserving the vitality of the online advertising ecosystem. This initiative seeks to develop a set of standards that will enable businesses to deliver personalized advertisements without the need for invasive tracking practices such as third-party cookies, which have been the standard but are increasingly seen as problematic from a privacy standpoint.

## The driving forces behind Google's Privacy Sandbox initiative \* \* \* \*

Google initiated the Privacy Sandbox in response to the need for new web and app technologies that improve people's privacy online. This initiative addresses the negative impact of restricting or removing existing mechanisms like third-party cookies without effective alternatives, which can compromise user privacy and ecosystem functionality.

## Google's Privacy Sandbox has three core goals:

### 1. Build new technology to keep users' information private

Google's Privacy Sandbox aims to develop effective and privacy-enhancing advertising solutions for web and mobile. The initiative focuses on limiting the sharing of user data with third parties and exploring technologies to reduce covert data collection.

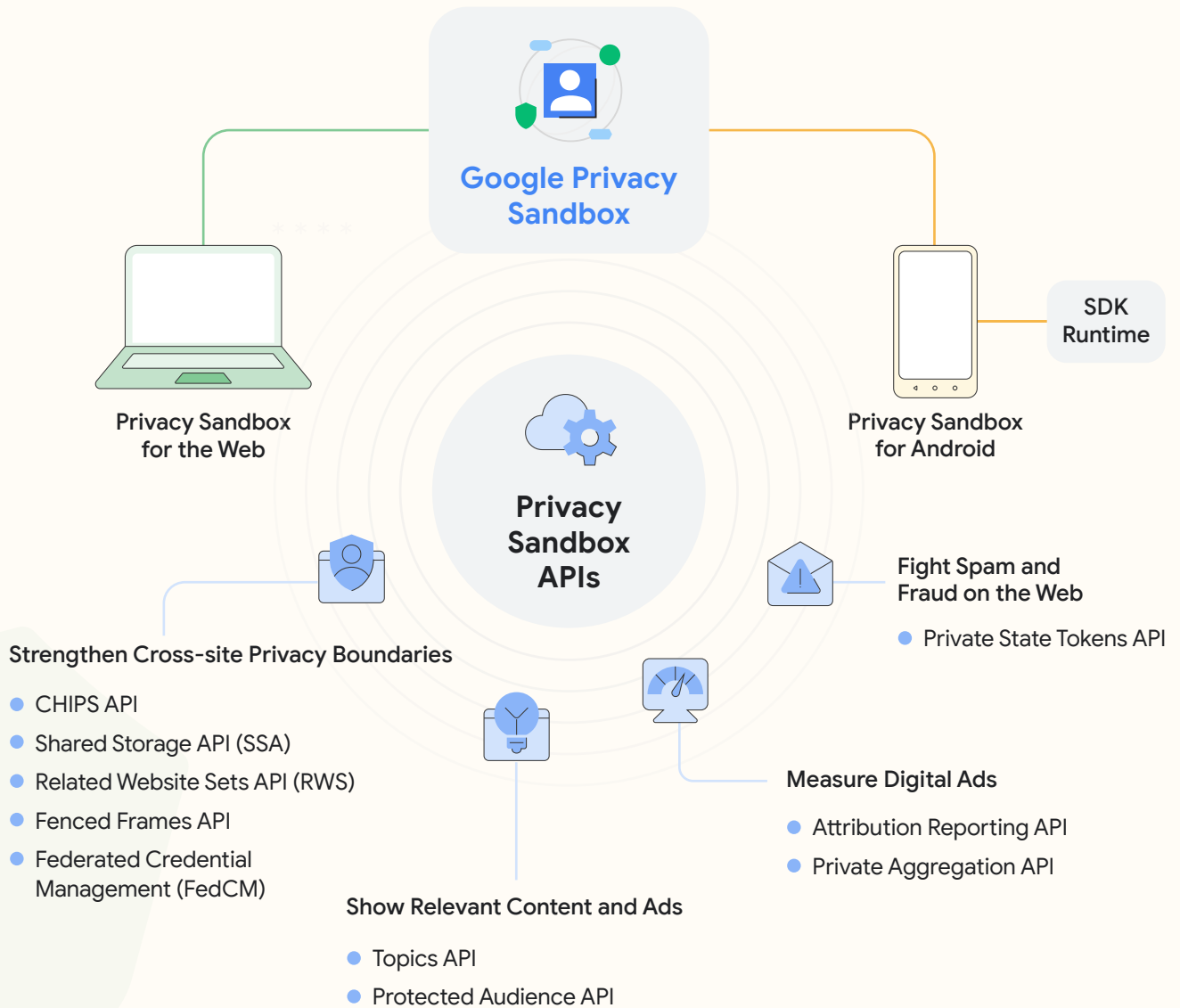
### 2. Enable publishers and developers to keep online content free

The Privacy Sandbox is designed to provide substantial notice ahead of any future changes and support the existing ad platform features for at least two years. It seeks to ensure a healthy web and app ecosystem by evolving digital advertising to improve user privacy while giving developers and businesses the tools they need to succeed in the digital space.

### 3. Collaborate with the industry to build new internet privacy standards

Google is committed to working closely with regulators and industry partners to improve ad privacy on Android. They invite organizations to participate and provide feedback on the initial design proposals for the Privacy Sandbox. Google plans to release developer previews and provide regular updates on designs and timelines for the initiative.

# Solutions that Privacy Sandbox consists of \* \* \* \*



## 1. Privacy Sandbox for the web

The Privacy Sandbox for the web is designed to maintain user privacy and limit covert tracking by creating new web standards, providing publishers with safer alternatives, and ensuring user data privacy. Some of the key privacy techniques to be used include differential privacy, k-anonymity, and on-device processing.

Privacy Sandbox also helps to limit other forms of tracking like fingerprinting by restricting the amount of information sites can access so that your information stays private, safe, and secure.

## 2. Privacy Sandbox for Android

Privacy Sandbox on Android aims to strengthen privacy and provide app developers with tools to support and grow their businesses. It introduces new solutions that operate without cross-app identifiers and limit data sharing with third parties, including safer ways for apps to integrate with third-party developers, helping apps remain free through ads while user data stays protected.

# Proposed solutions under the Privacy Sandbox initiative

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The proposed solutions of the Privacy Sandbox cover the following areas:

## 1. Strengthening cross-site privacy boundaries

In a cookieless world, how can users remain logged in across different websites owned by the same organization, ensuring a cohesive user experience with personalized content and settings across related domains? It's crucial to personalize ads based on stored data without exposing this data directly to ad networks. How can we enable aggregated data collection for the purpose of analytics without compromising user privacy? Features that operate across different parts of a website such as chatbot and social media feed, which require user login states and personalized content, must avoid being tracked across multiple domains beyond the website. How can we serve and measure ads within individual sites, ensuring interactions are isolated and privacy is maintained? Data analysis must remain within the site context to reduce privacy risks from cross-site aggregation. Embedded content such as ads or third-party widgets should be isolated to prevent data leaks, ensuring targeted advertising without accessing user data on the main page. How can we facilitate single sign-on (SSO) across different sites and services without third-party cookies, improving user convenience and security? Finally, allowing users to verify their identity across various platforms using federated credentials ensures secure and privacy-respecting authentication.



- **Related Website Sets:** With this API, it is possible to declare relationships between websites so that browsers can allow limited use of third-party cookies for specific purposes. In practice, RWS is a collection of domain names reported to Chrome, with one set as primary and the others as members. Related website sets are a solution for cases wherein sharing a single sign-on identity is necessary across different top-level sites.
- **Shared Storage API:** To prevent tracking users across websites, browsers partition all storage formats (cookies, local storage, caches, etc.). However, several legitimate use cases rely on unpartitioned storage. The Shared Storage API enables sites to store and utilize unpartitioned cross-site information. Various businesses can benefit from using the Shared Storage API. For example, Adtech companies can measure campaign reach, set ad frequency limits, and vary ad content. Currently, all these functions rely on third-party cookies. Several features have been proposed for this API.
- **CHIPS API:** The CHIPS (Cookies Having Independent Partitioned State) API allows developers to choose partitioned storage for cookies for each top-level site. The goal of CHIPS is to enable cookies to be set by third-party services, but they can only be read in the context of the top-level site where they were initially set.
- **Fenced Frames API:** A Fenced Frame is an iframe-like HTML element for the embedded content. It allows developers to isolate content and functionality by creating a protected environment. With Fenced Frames, advertisers can, for example, display ads safely without gaining access to users' personal information. Fenced frames can help web application developers protect their users from harmful third-party scripts and content.

- **Federated Credential Management API:** Federated Credential Management (FedCM) is an interface that makes integrating third-party authentication and credential services into browsers easier. FedCM aims to provide a safer, more privacy-respecting way to manage user authentication information across different services. With this interface, developers can combine authentication information from various service providers in one place, reducing the need for users to remember multiple passwords, thereby promoting privacy and security.
- **Topics API:** This API allows advertisers and publishers to target users based on topics they are interested in while protecting sensitive user data. The Topics API is meant to power interest-based advertising on the open web by inferring a user's top interests (or topics) and making those topics available to any marketer. Are you curious about how targeted advertising can continue to be effective without relying on tracking methods? How can advertisers reach specific audiences while ensuring user privacy is maintained? And how can remarketing be implemented in a privacy-safe manner, allowing brands to re-engage users who have shown interest previously?

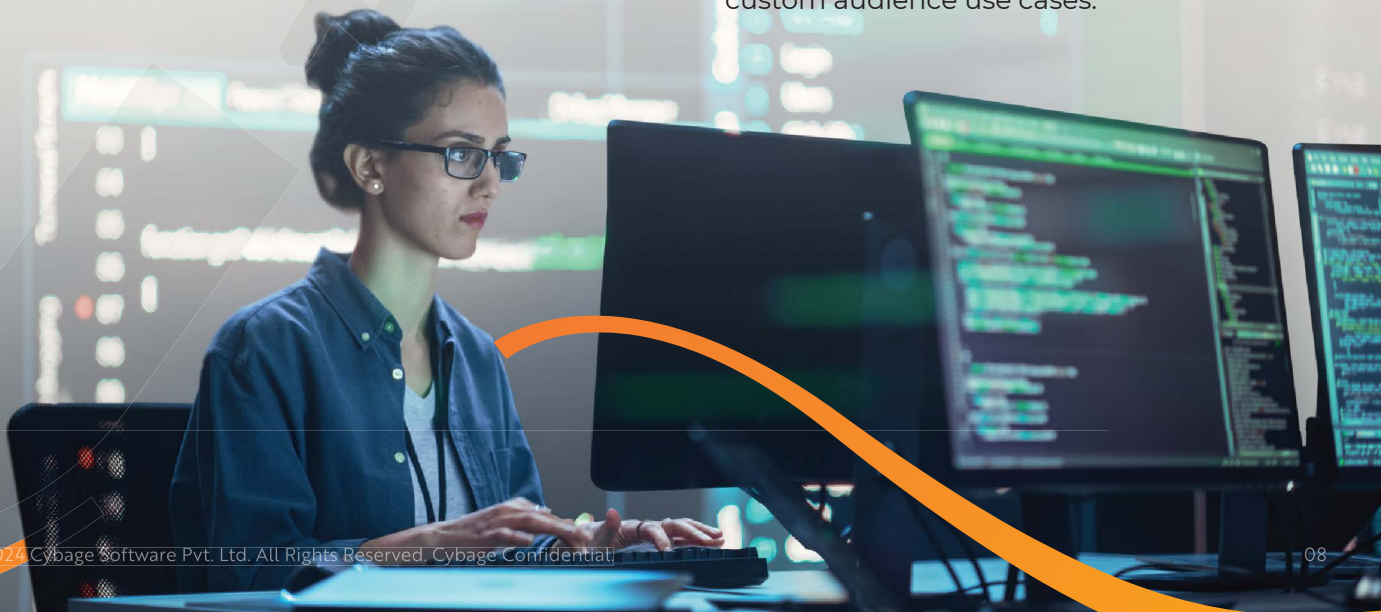
## 2. Showing relevant content and ads

Want to understand and leverage user interests without compromising privacy? Want to know how advertisers can continue to deliver relevant content in a world moving away from third-party cookies? What methods can be used to maintain effective ad targeting while respecting user anonymity? And how can we ensure that the advertising ecosystem remains robust and competitive without tracking users?

- Google Privacy Sandbox offers the Topics API to address these challenges. The Topics API allows browsers to determine a handful of topics that represent the user's interests based on their browsing history, and then shares these topics with advertisers in a privacy-preserving manner. This way, users enjoy relevant content without the need for invasive tracking, creating a balance between personalization and privacy.

The Google Privacy Sandbox introduces the Protected Audience API to tackle these issues. This API allows for the creation of interest groups based on user activity and enables advertisers to serve ads to these groups without revealing individual user identities. It supports remarketing use cases, allowing advertisers to re-engage users who have previously interacted with their brand. The Protected Audience API ensures that users receive relevant ads while their privacy remains safeguarded by focusing on group-level targeting and remarketing rather than individual tracking.

- **Protected Audience API:** Protected Audience, previously named FLEDGE, uses the concept of interest groups. This enables marketers to advertise to consumers who have previously visited their webpage while protecting privacy and preventing consumers from being tracked across sites. Advertisers and publishers use it for remarketing and custom audience use cases.



### 3. Measuring digital ads

How can we measure the effectiveness of online advertising while respecting user privacy? How can advertisers gain insights into which campaigns drive conversions without compromising personal data? What techniques can be employed to balance the need for detailed ad performance data with user privacy concerns? How can advertisers track the success of their campaigns and understand user actions without relying on tracking mechanisms?

Google Privacy Sandbox's Attribution Reporting API provides a solution to all these questions. This API allows advertisers to measure conversions and attribute them to specific ad campaigns without collecting user data. By aggregating and anonymizing data, the Attribution Reporting API enables accurate performance tracking and analysis, ensuring advertisers can optimize their strategies while following privacy standards.

- **Attribution reporting:** Attribution reporting enables the reporting of two connected events. For example, when a user clicks or views an ad on a publisher's website and then takes some action that creates a conversion on an advertiser's website, the result is an attribution report. In this case, the event at the publisher's website is linked and associated with the action on the advertiser's website, and the conversion is tracked.
- **Private aggregation API:** Private aggregation API applies techniques such as differential privacy. It generates noisy summary reports with cross-site data and ensures that useful data can be collected and analyzed without compromising individual user privacy. This balance helps maintain user trust and adheres to privacy regulations while still providing valuable insights.

### 4. Fighting spam and fraud on the web

We will now see how to verify legitimate human users to enhance security, preventing and detecting bots and frauds. What strategies can be employed to ensure secure transactions by reducing fake accounts and spam? Authentication and single sign-on (SSO) are crucial for providing seamless login experiences while maintaining high security. In what ways can federated identity verification streamline user verification across platforms? What measures can be taken to prevent ad click fraud and ensure ad verification and impression validation? Enhancing security for sensitive actions within online services is essential to prevent service abuse. However, how can these strategies contribute to creating a secure and efficient user experience in an increasingly digital world? Google Privacy Sandbox provides the Private State Token API to achieve these goals.

- **Private State Tokens:** Private State Tokens (formerly known as Trust Tokens) allow trust in a user's authenticity to be conveyed from one context to another while helping sites combat fraud and distinguish bots from real humans—without passive tracking.

Trust Tokens are another proposal within the Privacy Sandbox, focusing on distinguishing between human users and automated bots without compromising user identity. It is essential for advertisers, publishers, and CDNs to know that a user is who they say they are, and not a bot pretending to be a human or a malicious third-party defrauding a real person or service.

# Challenges in adopting Google's Privacy Sandbox

\* \* \* \*

While the Google Privacy Sandbox presents promising solutions for privacy-conscious advertising, it also poses several challenges that need to be addressed for its successful implementation. Let's explore some of the challenges that advertisers and publishers may encounter when adopting this new approach.

## 1 Limited Targeting Capabilities:

The Privacy Sandbox restricts the granularity of targeting compared to traditional third-party cookies. While it aims to preserve user privacy, advertisers may find it challenging to achieve the same level of precision in targeting specific audiences, potentially impacting ad relevance and effectiveness.

## 5 Impact on Ad Revenue:

The transition away from third-party cookies may disrupt the existing revenue streams for publishers and advertisers heavily reliant on targeted advertising. Adapting to new privacy-centric models may require significant investment and may initially result in a decrease in ad revenue until alternative strategies prove effective.

## 2 Complexity of Implementation:

Implementing Privacy Sandbox requires technical expertise and resources. Advertisers and publishers may face challenges in understanding and integrating these new technologies into their existing advertising workflows, leading to delays and increased costs.

## 6 Compatibility and Interoperability:

Ensuring compatibility and interoperability with other advertising technologies and platforms presents a challenge for the widespread adoption of Privacy Sandbox solutions. Advertisers and publishers may encounter issues integrating Privacy Sandbox components with the existing ad servers, data management platforms, and measurement tools.

## 3 Dependence on Google:

As the creator and owner of the Privacy Sandbox, Google holds significant control over the initiative's development and implementation. This reliance on a single entity raises concerns about fairness, transparency, and potential antitrust issues within the digital advertising ecosystem.

## 7 Privacy Concerns from Stakeholders:

Despite its privacy-centric approach, the Privacy Sandbox may still raise concerns among users, advocacy groups, and privacy experts. Questions may arise about the potential for re-identification of users within cohorts, the effectiveness of privacy-preserving measures, and the overall impact on individual privacy rights.

## 4 Regulatory Scrutiny:

While the Privacy Sandbox aims to align with privacy regulations, it may still face scrutiny from regulatory authorities. Questions may arise regarding the effectiveness of its privacy-preserving measures, potential anticompetitive behavior, and compliance with evolving legal standards, leading to legal challenges and fines.

## 8 Industry Fragmentation:

The digital advertising industry is diverse and fragmented with various stakeholders operating across different regions and sectors. Achieving consensus and cooperation among these stakeholders to adopt Privacy Sandbox solutions uniformly may prove challenging, leading to uneven implementation and potential market fragmentation.

Navigating these challenges will require collaboration, innovation, and ongoing dialogue among all parties involved in the digital advertising ecosystem. While the Privacy Sandbox presents promising solutions to privacy concerns, addressing these challenges will be crucial for its successful implementation and adoption.

# Potential Benefits of Google's Privacy Sandbox

In an era marked by increasing concerns over online privacy, the Google Privacy Sandbox emerges as a pivotal solution, aiming to balance user privacy with the needs of advertisers and publishers. Let's delve into the potential benefits that this innovative approach offers to the digital advertising ecosystem.

1

## Enhanced User Privacy:

The Privacy Sandbox aims to significantly improve user privacy by reducing the ability to track individuals across different websites. By eliminating third-party cookies, it minimizes invasive tracking and profiling, thus protecting user data from being shared with unknown parties.

2

## Sustained Ad Relevance:

Despite the reduction in personal data availability, the Privacy Sandbox enables continued effective targeting through interest-based cohorts and contextual advertising. This ensures that ads remain relevant to users without compromising their privacy.

3

## Reduced Ad Fraud:

The Privacy Sandbox includes mechanisms like the Trust Token API, which help distinguish between real users and bots. This can significantly reduce ad fraud, ensuring that advertisers get genuine engagement for their ad spend.

4

## Transparent and Privacy-Friendly Ad Targeting:

By using technologies such as Federated Learning of Cohorts (FLoC) and FLEDGE, the Privacy Sandbox enables interest-based and remarketing advertising in a way that doesn't compromise individual user privacy. This allows for effective ad targeting without the need for detailed user profiling.

6

## Compliance with Regulations:

The Privacy Sandbox aligns with global privacy regulations such as GDPR and CCPA. By adopting these standards, companies become compliant with legal requirements, avoiding potential fines and enhancing their reputation as privacy-conscious entities.

5

## Improved Data Security: The Privacy

Budget and other Sandbox components aim to limit the amount of data that can be extracted from user devices, reducing the risk of data breaches and unauthorized access to personal information. This contributes to a more secure web environment.

7

## Encouraging Innovation:

The move towards a privacy-centric ecosystem fosters innovation in the AdTech industry. Companies are motivated to develop new technologies and methodologies for targeting and measuring ads that respect user privacy, potentially leading to more advanced and ethical advertising solutions.

# Benefits

# Prepare for Google's Privacy Sandbox with Cybage

The Google Privacy Sandbox represents a critical shift towards a more privacy-conscious internet. By adopting these innovative solutions, the digital advertising ecosystem can continue to thrive while respecting user privacy. Cybage is committed to supporting this transition. We leverage our expertise to help clients seamlessly integrate Privacy Sandbox technologies and stay at the forefront of the industry.



# Integration Possibilities with AdTech Platforms

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# Our Capabilities

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## Custom Solutions

We tailor solutions to meet your specific business needs, ensuring seamless integration and maximum benefits.



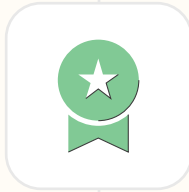
Our team possesses extensive domain knowledge and expertise in advertising. We can assist in implementing and integrating Google Privacy Sandbox solutions, helping you optimize ad targeting, measurement, and more; all in the absence of third party cookies.

## Implementation



## Advanced Analytics

Utilize cutting-edge analytics to gain deeper insights into user behavior and ad performance, driving more informed business decisions.



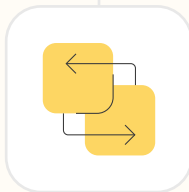
Stay ahead with solutions that adhere to the latest privacy regulations and industry best practices.

## Compliance and Best Practices



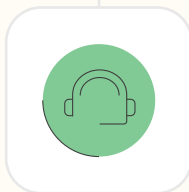
## Dedicated Support

We offer ongoing support and consultation to ensure the continuous success of your business.



Transitioning or migration from traditional third-party cookies to Privacy Sandbox tools with minimal disruption.

## Seamless Migration



# Conclusion



## Summary \* \* \* \*

Google Privacy Sandbox solution represents a transformative shift in digital advertising, prioritizing user privacy while maintaining effective ad targeting. As third-party cookies raise privacy concerns, the adoption of Google Privacy Sandbox technologies has become increasingly crucial.

Google Privacy Sandbox provides a set of privacy-preserving tools and technologies for all Chromium-based browsers. While Google Chrome is the primary driver of these changes, the open-source nature of Chromium ensures that other browsers can benefit from and contribute to these privacy initiatives.

The key solutions, including Topics API, Protected Audience API, Attribution Reporting API, and CHIPS, demonstrate the potential to balance privacy and personalization. By embracing these technologies, all the stakeholders of AdTech industry can navigate the transition smoothly, ensuring compliance with privacy standards and sustaining robust advertising performance. The future of digital advertising lies in privacy-centric innovation, and here we have one alternative catering to most of the needs. Acting now ensures a smooth transition and builds the trust and transparency that users expect in today's digital world.



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